Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended December 31, 2023

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees of the Mount Pleasant Public Library, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Mount Pleasant Public Library, New York ("Library") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Library as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Library, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York June 27, 2024

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Cash and equivalents \$1,029,644 Investments 3,283,040 Accounts receivable 585 Prepaid expenses 82,405 Capital assets 1,092,455 Being depreciated, net 1,092,455 Total Assets 5,488,129 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 681,124 OPEB related 307,196 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 988,320 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 23,826 Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due in more than one year 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 874,091 Restricted for	ASSETS	
Accounts receivable 585 Prepaid expenses 82,405 Capital assets 1,092,455 Being depreciated, net 1,092,455 Total Assets 5,488,129 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 307,196 OPEB related 307,196 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 988,320 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 23,826 Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 2,128,459 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund	Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,029,644
Prepaid expenses 82,405 Capital assets 1,092,455 Being depreciated, net 1,092,455 Total Assets 5,488,129 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 681,124 OPEB related 307,196 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 988,320 LIABILITIES 23,826 Accounts payable 23,826 Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 33,955 OPEB related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION 1 Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 2,2128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	Investments	3,283,040
Capital assets 1,092,455 Total Assets 5,488,129 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 681,124 OPEB related 307,196 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 988,320 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 23,826 Accounts povernments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 6,045 Due within one year 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	Accounts receivable	585
Being depreciated, net 1,092,455 Total Assets 5,488,129 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 681,124 OPEB related 307,196 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 988,320 LIABILITIES 23,826 Accorunts payable 23,826 Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 2,2128,459 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	Prepaid expenses	82,405
Total Assets 5,488,129 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 681,124 OPEB related 307,196 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 988,320 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 23,826 Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION 1 Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	·	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 681,124 OPEB related 307,196 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 988,320 LIABILITIES 23,826 Accounts payable 23,826 Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION 1,148,348 NET POSITION 1,092,455 Restricted for 2,2128,459 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	Being depreciated, net	 1,092,455
Pension related 681,124 OPEB related 307,196 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 988,320 LIABILITIES 23,826 Accounts payable 23,826 Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 2 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	Total Assets	 5,488,129
OPEB related 307,196 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 988,320 LIABILITIES 23,826 Accounts payable 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related OPEB related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION 1,092,455 Restricted for 2,128,459 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
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LIABILITIES Accounts payable 23,826 Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	OPEB related	 •
LIABILITIES Accounts payable 23,826 Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 1,08,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION 1 Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted 3,632,458	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	988 320
Accounts payable 23,826 Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)		 000,020
Accrued liabilities 6,045 Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)		
Due to other governments 318,220 Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Capital projects 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	· ·	,
Non-current liabilities 108,564 Due within one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)		·
Due within one year 108,564 Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	318,220
Due in more than one year 4,345,065 Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)		400 504
Total Liabilities 4,801,720 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	·	•
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	Due in more than one year	 4,345,065
Pension related 33,955 OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION 1,092,455 Investment in capital assets 1,092,455 Restricted for 874,091 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	Total Liabilities	 4,801,720
OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets Restricted for	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
OPEB related 1,114,393 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 1,148,348 NET POSITION Investment in capital assets Restricted for	Pension related	33,955
NET POSITION Investment in capital assets Restricted for Capital projects Special purposes Permanent fund Unrestricted 1,092,455 874,091 874,091 63,834 (3,632,458)	OPEB related	=
NET POSITION Investment in capital assets Restricted for Capital projects Special purposes Permanent fund Unrestricted 1,092,455 874,091 874,091 63,834 (3,632,458)		
Investment in capital assets Restricted for Capital projects Special purposes Permanent fund Unrestricted 1,092,455 874,091 2,128,459 2,128,459 (3,632,458)	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,148,348
Restricted for 874,091 Capital projects 2,128,459 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	NET POSITION	
Restricted for 874,091 Capital projects 2,128,459 Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	Investment in capital assets	1,092,455
Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)		
Special purposes 2,128,459 Permanent fund 63,834 Unrestricted (3,632,458)	Capital projects	874,091
Unrestricted (3,632,458)	Special purposes	
	Permanent fund	63,834
Total Net Position \$ 526,381	Unrestricted	 (3,632,458)
	Total Net Position	\$ 526,381

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2023

			Net (Expense)							
			Operating	Capital	Revenue and					
F '' 'D	_	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Changes in					
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Net Position					
Culture and recreation	\$ 2,702,842	\$ 1,577	\$ 154,280	\$ -	\$ (2,546,985)					
	General Revenu	Jes								
		rom other gove	ernments		2,912,621					
		Sale of property and compensation for loss								
	Unrestricted u	se of money a	nd property		41,569					
	Total Genera	2,956,335								
	Change in N	409,350								
	NET POSITION									
	Beginning				117,031					
	Ending				\$ 526,381					

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

ASSETS	 General	 Special Purpose	Pe	ermanent	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenditures	\$ 935,705 1,184,686 585 82,405	\$ 93,939 2,034,520 - -	\$	63,834 - -	\$	1,029,644 3,283,040 585 82,405
Total Assets	\$ 2,203,381	\$ 2,128,459	\$	63,834	\$	4,395,674
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$ 23,826 6,045 318,220	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	23,826 6,045 318,220
Total Liabilities	348,091					348,091
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	82,405 949,091 93,459 730,335	- 2,128,459 - -		63,834 - - -		146,239 3,077,550 93,459 730,335
Total Fund Balances	 1,855,290	 2,128,459		63,834		4,047,583
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,203,381	\$ 2,128,459	\$	63,834	\$	4,395,674

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Fund	\$	4,047,583
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets - depreciable Accumulated depreciation		2,570,364 (1,477,909)
		1,092,455
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the post retirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position. Deferred outflows - pension related Deferred inflows - OPEB related Deferred inflows - OPEB related		681,124 307,196 (33,955) (1,114,393) (160,028)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Net pension liability - ERS Total OPEB liability	_	(236,692) (863,425) (3,353,512) (4,453,629)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	526,381

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2023

	General	Special Purpose	Permanent	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Contribution from other governments Departmental income Sale of property and	\$ 2,912,621 994	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 2,912,621 994
compensation for loss Use of money and property State aid	2,145 42,152 12,916	84,577 -	- 662 -	2,145 127,391 12,916
Miscellaneous		56,125	<u> </u>	56,125
Total Revenues	2,970,828	140,702	662	3,112,192
EXPENDITURES Current				
Culture and recreation Employee benefits	2,161,830 601,101	39,719 		2,201,549 601,101
Total Expenditures	2,762,931	39,719		2,802,650
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	207,897	100,983	662	309,542
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in Transfers out		662	(662)	662 (662)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		662	(662)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	207,897	101,645	-	309,542
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	1,647,393	2,026,814	63,834	3,738,041
End of Year	\$ 1,855,290	\$ 2,128,459	\$ 63,834	\$ 4,047,583

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 309,542
Fund financial statements report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	30,234
Depreciation expense	 (129,226)
	 (98,992)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences Changes in pension liabilities and related	(18,135)
deferred outflows and inflows of resources Changes in OPEB liabilities and related	(222,403)
deferred outflows and inflows of resources	 439,338
	198,800
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 409,350

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2023

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Contribution from other governments Town of Mount Pleasant, New York Village of Pleasantville, New York	\$ 1,922,330 990,291	\$ 1,922,330 990,291	\$ 1,922,330 990,291	\$ - -
	2,912,621	2,912,621	2,912,621	-
Departmental income Sale of property and compensation for loss Use of money and property State aid Miscellaneous	1,000 100 2,250 9,585 1,750	1,000 100 2,250 9,585 1,750	994 2,145 42,152 12,916	(6) 2,045 39,902 3,331 (1,750)
Total Revenues	2,927,306	2,927,306	2,970,828	43,522
EXPENDITURES Current Culture and recreation				
Personal services Books and other materials Equipment Repairs and maintenance Contractual	1,398,500 221,250 100 225,000 548,825	1,417,500 221,250 100 175,000 556,995	1,415,576 219,421 - 31,659 495,174	1,924 1,829 100 143,341 61,821
	2,393,675	2,370,845	2,161,830	209,015
Employee benefits State retirement Social security Medicare contributions Workers' compensation benefits Disability insurance Health and dental insurance	178,750 85,250 19,950 13,500 2,000 295,000	185,000 88,350 20,650 13,500 2,000 305,000	177,838 81,389 19,034 10,759 - 312,081	7,162 6,961 1,616 2,741 2,000 (7,081)
	594,450	614,500	601,101	13,399
Debt service Notes Principal Interest	7,450 50 7,500	7,450 50 7,500	<u>-</u>	7,450 50 7,500
Total Expenditures			2 762 021	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,995,625 (68,319)	2,992,845 (65,539)	2,762,931	229,914
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	68,319	65,539	1,647,393	1,581,854
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,855,290	\$ 1,855,290

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Mount Pleasant Public Library ("Library") is a joint venture financed by the Town of Mount Pleasant, New York ("Town") and the Village of Pleasantville, New York ("Village"). The Library operates under the terms of an agreement which commenced in 1965. The agreement provides that the Library will be governed by a Board of Trustees, which is responsible for financial oversight. The Town and the Village levy the necessary funding requirements. The Town's share is 66% and the Village's share is 34%.

The financial statements of the Library have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Library's significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Library, b) organizations for which the Library is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Library are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Library, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Library's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Library as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Library at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Library does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Library are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Library maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. The Library has elected to treat each governmental fund as a major fund as provided by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements — and Management's Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments". Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Library's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in one broad fund category, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Category

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the Library's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Library and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Library in accordance with grantor or contributor stipulations.

Permanent Fund - The Permanent Fund is used to account for assets that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for the purposes that support the Library's programs.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made and the amounts are expected to be collected within one year of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefit liability are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The Library's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Library has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Library is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Library has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The Library follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The Library does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the Library does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Library's name. The Library's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2023.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The Library does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The Library's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Receivables - Receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Library. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of employee retirement and other costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventory - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the Library. Purchases of inventoriable items are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances are not material.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Library as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the Library are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

	Lite
Class	<u>in Years</u>
Machinery and Equipment	3-20

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Library has reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities. These amounts are detailed in Note 3D.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The net pension liability (asset) represents the Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The financial reporting of this amount is presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68."

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB") - In addition to providing pension benefits, the Library provides health care benefits for certain retired employees and their survivors. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions".

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of three components: investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, improvement of those assets are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets and deferred outflows of resources reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Board of Trustees or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net position for the Library includes restricted for capital projects, special purposes, and permanent fund.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the Library will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted sources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Library's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Library is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables,

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making authority for the Library that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Board of Trustees removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained by policies of the Board of Trustees for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, any deficit fund balance is reported as unassigned.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Library's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Library's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is June 27, 2024.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Library generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before October 15th, the Library Director notifies the Town and the Village of the preliminary amount of taxes necessary for Library operations for the ensuing year.
- b) On or before October 20th, the Library submits a detailed budget to the Town and Village.
- c) Based upon feedback from the Town and the Village, the Library Board of Trustees approves the budget.
- e) The amount specified as the tax levy for library purposes is then incorporated into the budgets of the Town and Village.
- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General Fund.
- g) The General Fund budget is legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Board of Trustees does not adopt an annual budget for the Special Purpose or Permanent funds.
- h) The Board of Trustees has established legal control of the budget at the object level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the object level of expenditures, require approval by the Board. Any modifications to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- i) Appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees. Individual amendments for the current year were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

B. New Accounting Pronouncement

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA's)", established a single model for SBITA accounting based on the concept that SBITA's are a financing of a "right-to-use" underlying asset. This statement requires a subscriber to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 96 are effective for the Library's fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. The Library has completed its evaluation of the financial impact of GASB Statement No. 96 and determined that the implementation of this standard was not required as it did not have a material impact on its financial statements.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Investments

Investments at December 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

Investment Type	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	А	mount
General Fund:					
Certificate of Deposit	12/5/2022	12/5/2025	4.25 %	\$	677,686
Certificate of Deposit	12/21/2023	12/21/2024	4.25		507,000
				1	,184,686
Special Purpose Fund:					
Certificate of Deposit	12/21/2023	12/21/2024	4.25		122,074
Certificate of Deposit	12/21/2023	12/21/2024	4.25	1	,912,446
				2	,034,520
Permanent Fund -					
Certificate of Deposit	10/8/2020	10/8/2025	1.04		63,834
Total Investments				\$ 3	,283,040

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the Library's capital assets are as follows:

Class	Balance January 1, 2022 Additions Deletion										volotiona	De	Balance ecember 31, 2023
Class		2023	Additions		느	reletions		2023					
Capital assets, being depreciated - Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation for -	\$	2,591,826	\$	30,234	\$	51,696	\$	2,570,364					
Machinery and equipment		1,400,379		129,226		51,696		1,477,909					
Capital assets, net	\$	1,191,447	\$	(98,992)	\$		\$	1,092,455					

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the Library's functions and programs as follows -

Culture and Recreation

\$ 129.226

C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at December 31, 2023 were as follows:

General Fund

Payroll and Employee Benefits

\$ 6,045

D. Long-Term Liabilities

The changes in the Library's long-term liabilities during the year ended December 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

	Balance January 1, New Issues 2023 Additions			Maturities and/or Payments		Balance December 31, 2023		Due Within One Year		
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Other Postemployment	\$	218,557 -	\$	18,135 863,425	\$	-	\$	236,692 863,425	\$	23,670
Benefit Liability		3,005,308		433,098		84,894		3,353,512		84,894
	\$	3,223,865	\$ 1	1,314,658	\$	84,894	\$	4,453,629	\$	108,564

Liabilities for compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefit liability are liquidated by the General Fund.

Compensated Absences

Employees may accumulate up to 5 days of vacation leave and up to 144 days of sick leave. Upon separation of service, vacation leave and one half of the accumulated sick leave is payable to the employee. Employees may also be compensated for accumulated compensatory time in the event of retirement or termination from service. The Library has determined that the liability for such leave is \$236,692 at December 31, 2023. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

The Library participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. The Comptroller is an elected

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Library also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about_us/financial_statements_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The ERS is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the ERS's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the ERS plan year ended March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Tier/Plan	Rate
<u> </u>	
2 751	18.0 %
3 A14	14.8
4 A15	14.8
5 A15	12.8
6 A15	9.4

At December 31, 2023, the Library reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for ERS:

Measurement date	N	March 31, 2023			
Net pension liability Library's proportion of the	\$	863,425			
net pension liability		0.0040264 %			
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date		0.0000691 %			

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Library's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Library recognized pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$400,241. Pension expenditures of \$177,838 were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the General Fund.

At December 31, 2023, the Library reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(Deferred Dutflows Resources	_	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	91,962 419,335	\$	24,248 4,634
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		-		5,073
Library contributions and proportionate share of contributions		66,705		-
Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date		103,122		
	\$	681,124	\$	33,955

\$103,122 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Library's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan's year ended March 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 139,975 (25,969) 189,855 240,186
	\$ 544,047

The total pension liability for the ERS measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation date as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to that measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

Measurement Date	March 31, 2023
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022
Investment rate of return	5.9% *
Salary scale	4.4%
Inflation rate	2.9%
Cost of living adjustments	1.5%

^{*}Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the ERS's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the ERS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation is summarized in the following table:

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	32 %	4.30 %
International Equity	15	6.85
Private Equity	10	7.50
Real Estate	9	4.60
Opportunistic/ARS Portfolio	3	5.38
Credit	4	5.43
Real Assets	3	5.84
Fixed Income	23	1.50
Cash	1	-
	<u>100</u> %	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.9%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the ERS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the Library's proportionate share of

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.9%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	Increase
	(4.9%)		(5.9%)	(6.9%)
Library's proportionate share of the				
ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,086,529	\$	863,425	\$ (158,620)

The components of the collective net pension liability of ERS as of the March 31, 2023 measurement date were as follows:

Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 232,627,259,000 211,183,223,000
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 21,444,036,000
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	90.78%

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the ERS's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Retirement contributions as of December 31, 2023 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023 based on prior year ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Retirement contributions for the nine months ended December 31, 2023 were \$103,122.

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The Library can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the Library will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Library provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Library may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing postemployment health care benefits is shared between the Library and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the Library's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Library. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At December 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	8
Active employees	14_
	22

The Library's total OPEB liability of \$3,353,512 was measured as of December 31, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022.

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases 3.5%, average, including inflation

Discount rate 3.26%

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.5% for 2024, decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate

rate of 5.0% for 2027 and later years

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 0%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer's 20 Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-10 mortality table projected fully generationally using projection scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 valuation for turnover and retirement were based on the April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2020 experience study.

The Library's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 3,005,308
Service cost	114,603
Interest	114,496
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	203,999
Benefit payments	(84,894)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 3,353,512

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Library, as well as what the Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.26%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.26%) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease		Assumption		Increase
	 (2.26%)		(3.26%)		(4.26%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,873,698	\$	3,353,512	\$	2,933,759

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Library, as well as what the Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.5% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1%	I	Healthcare		1%
		Decrease	Cost Trend Rates			Increase
	(5.50)% decreasing	(6.50% decreasing		(7.50)% decreasing
	to 4.0%)		to 5.0%)		·	to 6.0%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,877,467	\$	3,353,512	\$	3,951,786

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Library recognized OPEB expense of (\$354,444) in the government-wide financial statements. At December 31, 2023, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	(Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	- 307,196	\$ 723,270 391,123		
	\$	307,196	\$ 1,114,393		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended		
December 31,		
2024	\$	(637,569)
2025		(194,397)
2026		24,769
2027		-
2028		-
Thereafter		
	Φ.	(007.407)
	\$	(807,197)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

	Tran	Transfers In			
	S	pecial			
Transfers Out	Pu	ırpose			
Permanent	\$	662			

Transfers are used to move interest earnings from the Permanent Fund to the Special Purpose Fund, to fund certain expenditures.

F. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less the accumulated depreciation.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, less unexpended debt proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statutes.

Restricted for Permanent Fund - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the non-expendable trust that provides that only earnings can be used with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Fund Balances

	General Fund		Special Purpose Fund			Pe	ermanent Fund	Total		
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid expenditures	\$	82,405	\$		-	\$	-	\$	82,405	
Permanent Fund		-			_		63,834		63,834	
									, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total Nonspendable		82,405					63,834		146,239	
Restricted:										
Capital projects		874,091			_		_		874,091	
Employee benefit		07 1,00 1							07 1,00 1	
accrued liability		75,000							75,000	
•		75,000		0.400.45	-		-		75,000	
Special purposes			_	2,128,45	9_		-	_	2,128,459	
		0.40.00.4		0.400.45						
		949,091		2,128,45	9			_	3,077,550	
Assigned -										
For subsequent										
year's expenditures		93,459			_				93,459	
Unassigned		730,335							730,335	
		·								
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,855,290	\$	2,128,45	9	\$	63,834	\$	4,047,583	

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability - the component of fund balance that has been restricted pursuant to Section 6-p of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York to provide funds for the payment of unused sick time and other forms of payment for accrued leave time granted upon termination or separation from service.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at December 31, 2023, the Board of Trustees has assigned the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or assigned.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) December 31, 2023

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Contingencies

The Library receives a substantial amount of its support from the Town and the Village. A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this were to occur, would have a significant financial effect on the Library's programs and activities.

B. Risk Management

The Library purchases various insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Library maintains conventional general liability insurance coverage with policy limits of \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 million in the aggregate. In addition, a \$5 million umbrella policy is maintained. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Library purchases conventional workers' compensation insurance with coverage at statutory limits. The Library also purchases conventional health insurance from various providers.

C. Related Party Transactions

The main branch of the Library operates from a building owned by the Town. The Library does not pay rent for the use of this building. The Library is responsible for maintenance costs associated with this building.

The Valhalla branch of the Library also operates from a building owned by the Town. Rent expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$52,052.

Note 5 - Recently Issued GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences", provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for compensated absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 102, "Certain Risk Disclosures", provides guidance on disclosures for risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. A concentration is defined as a lack of diversity related to an aspect of a significant inflow of resources or outflow of resources. A constraint is a limitation imposed on a government by an external party or by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Concentrations and constraints may limit a government's ability to acquire resources or control spending.

Under this Statement, a government is required to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) December 31, 2023

Note 5 - Recently Issued GASB Pronouncements (Continued)

This is not an all-inclusive list of recently issued GASB pronouncements but rather a listing of Statements that the Library believes will most impact its financial statements. The Library will evaluate the impact of these and other pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them if applicable and when material.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Library's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(2)

	2023 (5)	2022 (4)	2021
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and	\$ 114,603 114,496 -	\$ 177,058 77,652	\$ 273,759 90,211 -
actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	 203,999 (84,894)	 (988,559) (889,371) (65,365)	 397,862 (98,350)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	348,204	(1,688,585)	663,482
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	3,005,308	 4,693,893	4,030,411
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 3,353,512	\$ 3,005,308	\$ 4,693,893
Library's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,180,453	\$ 1,149,372	\$ 1,149,848
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 284.09%	 261.47%	 408.22%
Discount Rate	 3.26%	3.72%	2.06%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

⁽²⁾ No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.

⁽³⁾ Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

⁽⁴⁾ Increase in the discount rate resulted in a decrease in the liability.

⁽⁵⁾ Decrease in the discount rate resulted in an increase in the liability.

 2020	2019		2018
\$ 225,701 106,582	\$ 187,913 168,591 -	\$	219,076 147,261 -
(1,300,907) 4,099 (85,826)	- 854,430 (107,394)		- (400,829) (99,267)
(1,050,351)	1,103,540		(133,759)
 5,080,762	3,977,222		4,110,981 (3)
\$ 4,030,411	\$ 5,080,762	\$	3,977,222
\$ 1,108,339	\$ 1,177,122	\$	1,142,845
363.64%	 431.63%		348.01%
 2.12%	 2.12%	_	2.74%

Required Supplementary Information -New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Schedule of the Library's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)									
		2023 (3)		2022 (4)		2021 (4)		2020 (3)	
Library's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0040264%	0.0039573%		0.0037909%		0.0036997%		
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	863,425	\$	(323,495)	\$	3,775	\$	979,690	
Library's covered payroll	\$	1,220,608	\$	1,240,875	\$	1,176,404	\$	1,208,520	
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		70.74%		(26.07%)		0.32%		81.07%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		90.78%		103.65%	_	99.95%		86.39%	
Discount Rate		5.90%		5.90%		5.90%		6.80%	
	Sc	hedule of Cor	ntribu	utions					
		2023		2022		2021		2020	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	151,607	\$	169,183	\$	180,476	\$	168,384	
contractually required contribution		(151,607)		(169,183)		(180,476)		(168,384)	
Contribution excess	\$		\$		\$		\$		
Library's covered payroll	\$	1,283,501	\$	1,203,312	\$	1,240,402	\$	1,190,883	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.81%		14.06%		14.55%		14.14%	

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

⁽²⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

⁽³⁾ Increase in the Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

⁽⁴⁾ Decrease in the Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains,

2019 2018		2018	2017			2016	2015					
	0.0035311%	(0.0038371%		0.0036139%		0.0039735%		0.0039289%			
\$	250,190	\$	123,842	\$	339,567	\$	637,843	\$	132,728			
\$	1,218,862	\$	1,135,392	\$	\$ 1,139,745		\$ 1,139,745 \$ 1		\$ 1,084,507		1,045,688	
	20.53%		10.91%		29.79%		58.81%		12.69%			
	96.27%	98.20%		94.70%		98.20% 94.70% 90.7		90.70%		90.70%		97.90%
	7.00%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%		7.50%			
	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015			
\$	176,526	\$	187,825	\$	187,466	\$	190,463	\$	215,069			
	(176,526)		(187,825)		(187,466)		(190,463)		(215,069)			
\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_			
\$	1,221,949	\$	1,206,080	\$	1,114,601	\$	1,111,472	\$	1,069,619			
	14.45%	_	15.57%		16.82%		17.14%		20.11%			